

# Safety Data Sheet

## SUMA MULTI-CONC D2 CONC

Revision: 2023-02-18

Version: 01.2

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and supplier

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name: SUMA MULTI-CONC D2 CONC

#### 1.2 Recommended use and restrictions on use Identified uses:

All purpose cleaner Restrictions of use: Uses other than those identified are not recommended

### 1.3 Details of the supplier

Diversey Australia Pty. Limited Unit 8, 55 Newton Road, Wetherill Park, NSW, 2164 1-7 Bell Grove, Braeside, VIC 3195 Telephone: 1800 647 779 (toll free) Email: aucustserv@diversey.com Website: diversey.com.au

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Seek medical advice (show the label or safety data sheet where possible) Call 1800 033 111 (24hrs)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids, Category 4 Skin corrosion, Category 1B Acute toxicity, oral, Category 4 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 Serious eye damage, Category 1

#### 2.2 Label elements



Signal word: Danger

#### Hazard statements:

H227 - Combustible liquid.

- H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H302 Harmful if swallowed.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Prevention statement(s):

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P210 Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P260 Do not breathe vapours.
- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

#### Response statement(s):

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use chemical powder to extinguish.

#### Storage statement(s):

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 - Store locked up.

#### Disposal statement(s):

P501 - Dispose of unused content as chemical waste.

2.3 Other hazards

#### 2.4 Classification diluted product:

Recommended maximum concentration (% w/w): 0.67

Not classified as hazardous

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient(s)	CAS#	EC number	Weight percent
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	69011-36-5	[4]	10-30
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	69011-36-5	[4]	3-10
2-aminoethanol	141-43-5	205-483-3	3-10
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	85480-55-3	287-335-8	3-10
1-methoxy-2-propanol	107-98-2	203-539-1	1-3
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	200-661-7	1-3

Non-hazardous ingredients are the remainder and add up to 100%.

[4] Polymer.

Workplace exposure limit(s), if available, are listed in subsection 8.1. For the full text of the H and AUH phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General Information:	Symptoms of intoxication may even occur after several hours. It is recommended to continue medical observation for at least 48 hours after the incident. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Provide fresh air. No mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use Ambu bag or ventilator.
Inhalation:	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention or advice if you feel unwell.
Skin contact:	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.
Eye contact:	Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.
Ingestion:	Rinse mouth. Immediately drink 1 glass of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.
Self-protection of first aider:	Consider personal protective equipment as indicated in subsection 8.2.
First aid facilities:	Shower and eyewash facilities should be considered in a workplace where necessary.
4.2 Most important symptoms and effe	
Inhalation:	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact:	Causes severe burns.
Eye contact:	Causes severe or permanent damage.
Ingestion:	Ingestion will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of oesophagus and stomach.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No information available on clinical testing and medical monitoring. Specific toxicological information on substances, if available, can be found

in section 11.

#### **Poison Information Center:**

Call 13 11 26 (Australia Wide).

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray jet. Fight larger fires with water spray jet or alcohol-resistant foam.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No special hazards known.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing including gloves and eye/face protection.

#### 5.4 Hazchem code

- 2X
- 2 Fine water spray.
- X Liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Contain.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Turn off all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe dust or vapour. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter drainage system, surface or ground water. Dilute with plenty of water.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use neutralising agent. Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, universal binders, sawdust). Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see subsection 8.2. For disposal considerations see section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### Measures to prevent fire and explosions:

Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. Keep away from heat. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### Measures required to protect the environment:

For environmental exposure controls see subsection 8.2.

#### Advices on general occupational hygiene:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not mix with other products unless adviced by Diversey. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapours. Use only with adequate ventilation.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local and national regulations. Keep only in original packaging. Store in a closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

For conditions to avoid see subsection 10.4. For incompatible materials see subsection 10.5.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No specific advice for end use available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Air limit values if available

Workplace exposure limits

Ingredient(s)	Long term value(s) (TWA)	Short term value(s) (STEL)	Peak value(s)
2-aminoethanol	3 ppm 7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	6 ppm 15 mg/m³	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	100 ppm 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	150 ppm 553 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
propan-2-ol	400 ppm	500 ppm	

983 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

1230 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Biological limit values, if available	le:	
8.2 Exposure controls		
5 1	he product in	uses indicated in subsection 1.2 of the Safety Data Sheet. formation sheet for application and handling instructions. his section.
		Iling the <u>undiluted</u> product: sfer of product to application equipment, flasks or buckets
Appropriate engineering c	controls:	If the product is diluted by using specific dosing systems with no risk of splashes or direct skin contact, the personal protection equipment as described in this section is not required.
Appropriate organisationa	al controls:	Avoid direct contact and/or splashes where possible. Train personnel.
Personal protective equip	ment	

Eye / face protection:	Safety glasses or goggles (AS/NZS 1337.1). The use of a full-face shield or other full-face protection is strongly recommended when handling open containers or if splashes may occur.
Hand protection:	Chemical-resistant protective gloves (AS/NZS 2161.10). Verify instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time, as provided by the gloves supplier. Consider specific local use conditions, such as risk of splashes, cuts, contact time and temperature. Suggested gloves for prolonged contact: Material: butyl rubber Penetration time: ≥ 480 min Material thickness: ≥ 0.7 mm Suggested gloves for protection against splashes: Material: nitrile rubber Penetration time: ≥ 30 min Material thickness: ≥ 0.4 mm
	In consultation with the supplier of protective gloves a different type providing similar protection may be chosen.
Body protection:	Wear chemical-resistant clothing and boots in case direct dermal exposure and/or splashes may occur (EN 14605).
Respiratory protection:	Respiratory protection is not normally required. However, inhalation of vapour, spray, gas or aerosols should be avoided.

Environmental exposure controls: Should not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Recommended safety measures for handling the <u>diluted</u> product:

Recommended maximum concentration (% w/w): 0.67

Appropriate engineering controls: Appropriate organisational controls:	Use only in well ventilated areas. No special requirements under normal use conditions.
Personal protective equipment	
Eye / face protection:	Safety glasses are not normally required. However, their use is recommended in those cases where splashes may occur when handling the product (EN 166).
Hand protection:	Rinse and dry hands after use. For prolonged contact protection for the skin may be necessary.
Body protection:	No special requirements under normal use conditions
Respiratory protection:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.
Environmental exposure controls:	No special requirements under normal use conditions.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Method / remark

Physical state: Liquid Colour: Clear , Dark , Blue Odour: Product specific Odour threshold: Not applicable pH: ≈ 11.2 (neat) Dilution pH: < 10 (0.13%) Melting point/freezing point (°C): Not determined Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C): Not determined

Flammability (liquid): Not determined. Flash point (°C): Not applicable. Sustained combustion: Not applicable. (UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, section 32, L.2) Not relevant to classification of this product

Evaporation rate: Not determined Flammability (solid, gas): Not determined Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit (%): Not determined Vapour pressure: Not determined Relative vapour density Not determined Relative density: ≈ 1.05 (20 °C) Solubility in / Miscibility with water: Fully miscible Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No information available.

Not relevant to classification of this product

Substance data, partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow): see subsection 12.3

Autoignition temperature: Not determined Decomposition temperature: Not applicable. Viscosity: ≈ 70 mPa.s (25 °C) Explosive properties: Not explosive. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Oxidising properties: Not oxidising.

#### 9.2 Other information

Surface tension (N/m): Not determined Corrosion to metals: Not corrosive

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No reactivity hazards known under normal storage and use conditions.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage and use conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions known under normal storage and use conditions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

None known under normal storage and use conditions.

#### **10.5 Incompatible materials**

None known under normal use conditions.

#### **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

None known under normal storage and use conditions.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Mixture data:.

#### Relevant calculated ATE(s):

ATE - Oral (mg/kg): 1100 ATE - Dermal (mg/kg): >5000

ATE - Inhalatory, vapours (mg/l): >50

Substance data, where relevant and available, are listed below:.

## Acute toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	LD 50	> 300-2000	Rat	OECD 423 (EU B.1 tris)	
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	LD 50	> 300-2000	Rat	Weight of evidence	
2-aminoethanol	LD 50	1089	Rat	OECD 401 (EU B.1)	
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine		No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD 50	> 5000	Rat	OECD 401 (EU B.1)	
propan-2-ol	LD 50	5840	Rat	OECD 401 (EU B.1)	

#### Acute dermal toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure

		(mg/kg)			time (h)
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	LD 50	> 2000	Rabbit	Method not given	
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	LD 50	> 2000	Rabbit	Weight of evidence	
2-aminoethanol	LD 50	2504	Rabbit	OECD 402 (EU B.3)	
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine		No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD 50	> 15800	Rabbit	OECD 402 (EU B.3)	
propan-2-ol	LD 50	> 2000	Rabbit	Method not given	

#### Acute inhalative toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate		No data available			
isotridecanol, ethoxylated		No data available			
2-aminoethanol	LC 50	> 1.4 No mortality observed	Rat	Method not given	4
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine		No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC Lo	> 25.5	Rat	OECD 403 (EU B.2)	4
propan-2-ol	LC 50	> 25 (vapour)	Rat	OECD 403 (EU B.2)	6

#### Irritation and corrosivity Skin irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	Not irritant	Rabbit	OECD 404 (EU B.4)	
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	Not irritant	Rabbit	OECD 404 (EU B.4)	
2-aminoethanol	Corrosive	Rabbit	OECD 404 (EU B.4)	
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Not irritant	Rat	OECD 404 (EU B.4)	
propan-2-ol	Not irritant	Rabbit	OECD 404 (EU B.4)	

#### Eye irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	Severe damage	Rabbit	Method not given	
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	Severe damage	Rabbit	OECD 405 (EU B.5)	
2-aminoethanol	Severe damage	Rabbit	OECD 405 (EU B.5)	
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Not corrosive or irritant	Rabbit	OECD 405 (EU B.5)	
propan-2-ol	Irritant	Rabbit	OECD 405 (EU B.5)	

#### Respiratory tract irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	No data available			
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	No data available			
2-aminoethanol	Irritating to respiratory tract		Method not given	
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	No data available			
propan-2-ol	No data available			

# Sensitisation

Sensitisation by skin contact				
Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	Not sensitising	Guinea pig	Method not given	
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	Not sensitising	Guinea pig	Method not given	
2-aminoethanol	Not sensitising	Guinea pig	OECD 406 (EU B.6) / GPMT	
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Not sensitising	Guinea pig	Method not given	
propan-2-ol	Not sensitising	Guinea pig	OECD 406 (EU B.6) / Buehler test	

Sensitisation by inhalation				
Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time

alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	No data available		
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	No data available		
2-aminoethanol	No data available		
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	No data available		
1-methoxy-2-propanol	No data available		
propan-2-ol	No data available		

#### CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction) Mutagenicity

Ingredient(s)	Result (in-vitro)	Method (in-vitro)	Result (in-vivo)	Method (in-vivo)
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	No evidence of genotoxicity, negative test results	Method not given	No evidence of genotoxicity, negative test results	Method not given
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	No evidence for mutagenicity	Method not given Weight of evidence	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results	Method not given Weight of evidence
2-aminoethanol	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results	OECD 471 (EU B.12/13) OECD 473 OECD 476 (Mouse lymphoma)		OECD 474 (EU B.12)
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	No data available		No data available	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results	Method not given	No data available	
propan-2-ol	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results No evidence of genotoxicity, negative test results		No evidence of genotoxicity, negative test results	OECD 474 (EU B.12)

#### Carcinogenicity

Ingredient(s)	Effect
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	No evidence for carcinogenicity, weight-of-evidence
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	No evidence for carcinogenicity, weight-of-evidence
2-aminoethanol	No evidence for carcinogenicity, weight-of-evidence
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	No data available
1-methoxy-2-propanol	No evidence for carcinogenicity, negative test results
propan-2-ol	No evidence for carcinogenicity, negative test results

## Toxicity for reproduction

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Specific effect	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Remarks and other effects reported
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	NOAEL	Teratogenic effects	> 50	Rat	Not known		No known significant effects or critical hazards
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	NOAEL	Maternal toxicity	> 250	Rat	Weight of evidence		Not toxic for reproduction
2-aminoethanol	NOAEL	Developmental toxicity	> 75	Rabbit	OECD 414 (EU B.31), oral	6 - 15 day(s)	No evidence for developmental toxicity No evidence for reproductive toxicity
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine			No data available				
1-methoxy-2-propanol			No data available				No evidence for reproductive toxicity
propan-2-ol			No data available				

#### Repeated dose toxicity Sub-acute or sub-chronic oral toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Specific effects and organs affected
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate		No data available				
isotridecanol, ethoxylated		No data available				
2-aminoethanol	NOAEL	300	Rat		75	
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine		No data available				
1-methoxy-2-propanol		No data available				
propan-2-ol		No data available				

Sub-chronic dermal toxicity

Ingredient(s) Endpoint Value Species Method Exposure Specific effects and organs							
	Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure	Specific effects and organs

	(mg/kg bw/d)	time (days)	affected
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	No data		
	available		
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	No data		
	available		
2-aminoethanol	No data		
	available		
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs.,	No data		
compds. with ethanolamine	available		
1-methoxy-2-propanol	No data		
	available		
propan-2-ol	No data		
	available		

#### Sub-chronic inhalation toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method		Specific effects and organs
		(mg/kg bw/d)			time (days)	affected
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate		No data				
		available				
isotridecanol, ethoxylated		No data				
		available				
2-aminoethanol		No data				
		available				
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs.,		No data				
compds. with ethanolamine		available				
1-methoxy-2-propanol		No data				
		available				
propan-2-ol		No data				
	1	available			1	

#### Chronic toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Specific effects and organs affected	Remark
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	Oral	NOAEL	50	Rat	Method not given	24 month(s)	Effects on organ weights	
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	Oral	NOAEL	50	Rat	Weight of evidence	24 month(s)	Effects on body weight and food/water consumption Effects on organ weights	
2-aminoethanol			No data available					
penzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine			No data available					
1-methoxy-2-propanol			No data available					
propan-2-ol			No data available					

#### STOT-single exposure

Ingredient(s)	Affected organ(s)
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	Not applicable
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	Not applicable
2-aminoethanol	Respiratory tract
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	No data available
1-methoxy-2-propanol	No data available
propan-2-ol	Central nervous system

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Ingredient(s)	Affected organ(s)
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	Not applicable
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	Not applicable
2-aminoethanol	No data available
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	No data available
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Kidneys
propan-2-ol	No data available

Aspiration hazard Substances with an aspiration hazard (H304), if any, are listed in section 3. If relevant, see section 9 for dynamic viscosity and relative density of the product.

#### Potential adverse health effects and symptoms

Effects and symptoms related to the product, if any, are listed in subsection 4.2.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

## 12.1 Toxicity

No data is available on the mixture.

Substance data, where relevant and available, are listed below:

#### Aquatic short-term toxicity Aquatic short-term toxicity - fish

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	LC 50	1 - 10	Cyprinus carpio	OECD 203 (EU C.1)	96
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	LC 50	> 10 - 100	Cyprinus carpio	OECD 203 (EU C.1) Weight of evidence	96
2-aminoethanol	LC 50	349	Cyprinus carpio	OECD 203, semi-static	96
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine		No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC 50	> 1000	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Method not given	96
propan-2-ol	LC 50	> 100	Pimephales promelas	Method not given	48

#### Aquatic short-term toxicity - crustacea

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	EC 50	1 - 10	Daphnia magna Straus	OECD 202, static	48
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	EC 50	> 10 - 100	Daphnia magna Straus	OECD 202, static	48
2-aminoethanol	EC 50	27.04	Daphnia magna Straus	OECD 202, static	48
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine		No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EC 50	21100 - 25900	Daphnia magna Straus	Method not given	48
propan-2-ol	EC 50	> 100	Daphnia magna Straus	Method not given	48

#### Aquatic short-term toxicity - algae

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	EC 50	1 - 10	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201, static	72
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	EC 50	> 10 - 100	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD 201, static Weight of evidence	72
2-aminoethanol	EC 50	2.8	Selenastrum capricornutum	OECD 201 (EU C.3)	72
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine		No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EC 50	> 1000	Pseudokirchner iella subcapitata	Method not given	168
propan-2-ol	EC 50	> 100	Scenedesmus quadricauda	Method not given	72

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate		No data available			
isotridecanol, ethoxylated		No data available			
2-aminoethanol		No data available			
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine		No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol		No data available			
propan-2-ol		No data available			

Impact on sewage plants - toxicity to bacteria					
Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Inoculum	Method	Exposure time
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	EC 10	> 10000	Activated	DIN 38412 / Part 8	17 hour(s)

			sludge		
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	EC 10	> 10000	Bacteria	DIN 38412 / Part 8	17 hour(s)
2-aminoethanol	EC 50	> 1000	Activated sludge	DIN EN ISO 8192-OECD 209-88/302/EEC	3 hour(s)
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine		No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EC 50	1000	Activated sludge	Method not given	3 hour(s)
propan-2-ol	EC 50	> 1000	Activated sludge	Method not given	

## Aquatic long-term toxicity

Aquatic long-term toxicity - fish				
	Aquatic	long-term	toxicity	- fish

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure	Effects observed
		(mg/l)			time	
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate		No data				
		available				
isotridecanol, ethoxylated		No data				
		available				
2-aminoethanol	NOEC	1.2	Oryzias latipes	OECD 210	30 day(s)	
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs.,		No data				
compds. with ethanolamine		available				
1-methoxy-2-propanol		No data				
		available				
propan-2-ol		No data				
		available				

Aquatic long-term toxicity - crustacea	
Ingredient(s)	

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Effects observed
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate		No data available				
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	EC 10	2.6	Daphnia magna	OECD 211, semi-static	21 day(s)	Effects on reproduction
2-aminoethanol	NOEC	0.85	Daphnia magna	OECD 202	21 day(s)	
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine		No data available				
1-methoxy-2-propanol		No data available				
propan-2-ol		No data available				

## Aquatic toxicity to other aquatic benthic organisms, including sediment-dwelling organisms, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw sediment)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
isotridecanol, ethoxylated		No data available				
2-aminoethanol		No data available				
propan-2-ol		No data available				

Terrestrial toxicity Terrestrial toxicity - soil invertebrates, including earthworms, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	NOEC	220	Eisenia fetida			
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	NOEC	220	Eisenia fetida			
2-aminoethanol		No data available				
propan-2-ol		No data available				

## Terrestrial toxicity - plants, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	NOEC	10	Lepidium sativum	OECD 208		
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	NOEC	10	Lepidium sativum	OECD 208		
propan-2-ol		No data available				

#### Terrestrial toxicity - birds, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
isotridecanol, ethoxylated		No data				
		available				
2-aminoethanol		No data				
		available				
propan-2-ol		No data				
		available				

#### Terrestrial toxicity - beneficial insects, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	
isotridecanol, ethoxylated		No data available				
2-aminoethanol		No data available				
propan-2-ol		No data available				

#### Terrestrial toxicity - soil bacteria, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
isotridecanol, ethoxylated		No data available				
2-aminoethanol		No data available				
propan-2-ol		No data available				

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Abiotic degradation Abiotic degradation - photodegradation in air, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Half-life time	Method	Evaluation	Remark
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	< 1 day(s)	Method not given	Rapidly photodegradable	
propan-2-ol	No data available			

#### Abiotic degradation - hydrolysis, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Half-life time in fresh water	Method	Evaluation	Remark
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	No data available			
propan-2-ol	No data available			

Abiotic degradation - other processes, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Туре	Half-life time	Method	Evaluation	Remark
isotridecanol, ethoxylated		No data available			
propan-2-ol		No data available			

#### Biodegradation

Ready biodegradability - aerobic conditions

Ingredient(s)	Inoculum	Analytical method	DT 50	Method	Evaluation
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	Activated sludge, aerobe	CO <sub>2</sub> production	> 60 % in 28 day(s)	OECD 301B	Readily biodegradable
isotridecanol, ethoxylated		CO <sub>2</sub> production	> 60 % in 28 day(s)	OECD 301B	Readily biodegradable
2-aminoethanol		DOC reduction	> 90 % in 21 day(s)	OECD 301A	Readily biodegradable
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	Activated sludge, aerobe			OECD 301D	Not readily biodegradable.
1-methoxy-2-propanol			96 % in 28 day(s)	OECD 301E	Readily biodegradable
propan-2-ol			95 % in 21 day(s)	OECD 301E	Readily biodegradable

#### Ready biodegradability - anaerobic and marine conditions, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Medium & Type	Analytical method	DT 50	Method	Evaluation
isotridecanol, ethoxylated					No data available
propan-2-ol					No data available

Degradation in relevant environmental compartments, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Medium & Type	Analytical method	DT 50	Method	Evaluation
isotridecanol, ethoxylated					No data available
propan-2-ol					No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)

Ingredient(s)	Value	Method	Evaluation	Remark
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	4.09	QSAR	No bioaccumulation expected	
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	No data available		No bioaccumulation expected	
2-aminoethanol	- 1.91	OECD 107	No bioaccumulation expected	
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	No data available			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	0.37	Method not given	Low potential for bioaccumulation	
propan-2-ol	0.05	OECD 107	No bioaccumulation expected	

#### Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

Ingredient(s)	Value	Species	Method	Evaluation	Remark
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	-			No bioaccumulation expected	
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	No data available			No bioaccumulation expected	
2-aminoethanol	No data available				
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	No data available				
1-methoxy-2-propanol	3.2		Method not given	Low potential for bioaccumulation	
propan-2-ol	No data available				

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Ingredient(s)	Adsorption coefficient Log Koc	Desorption coefficient Log Koc(des)	Method	Soil/sediment type	Evaluation
alkyl alcohol ethoxylate	No data available				Immobile in soil or sediment
isotridecanol, ethoxylated	No data available				Immobile in soil or sediment
2-aminoethanol	0.067		Model calculation		Potential for mobility in soil, soluble in water Adsorption to solid soil phase is not expected
benzenesulphonic acid, mono-C10-13-alkyl derivs., compds. with ethanolamine	No data available				
1-methoxy-2-propanol	No data available				High potential for mobility in soil
propan-2-ol	No data available				Potential for mobility in soil, soluble in water

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No other adverse effects known.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods	The concentrated contents or contaminated packaging should be disposed of by a certified handler
Waste from residues / unused	or according to the site permit. Release of waste to sewers is discouraged. The cleaned packaging
products:	material is suitable for energy recovery or recycling in line with local legislation.
Empty packaging Recommendation: Suitable cleaning agents:	Dispose of observing national or local regulations. Water, if necessary with cleaning agent.

# SECTION 14: Transport information



ADG, IMO/IMDG, ICAO/IATA 14.1 UN number or ID number: 2491 14.2 UN proper shipping name: Ethanolamine solution 14.3 Transport hazard class(es): Transport hazard class (and subsidiary risks): 8 14.4 Packing group: III 14.5 Environmental hazards: Environmentally hazardous: No

- Marine pollutant: No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user: None known.
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments: The product is not transported in bulk tankers.

# Other relevant information: Hazchem code: 2X

The product has been classified, labelled and packaged in accordance with the requirements of ADG7.7 Code and the provisions of the IMDG Code.

Transport regulations include special provisions for certain classes of dangerous goods packed in limited quantities.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) as published by Safework Australia.
Poison schedule	Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Poison using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).
Classification	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) as published by Safework Australia.
Inventory listing(s)	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals: All components are listed on the inventory, or are exempt.

## SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this document is based on our best present knowledge. However, it does not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and does not establish a legally binding contract

SDS code: MS31000445

Version: 01.2

Revision: 2023-02-18

#### Full text of the H phrases mentioned in section 3:

#### Additional information:

**Respirators:** In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

**Work practices - solvents:** Organic solvents may present both a health and flammability hazard. It is recommended that engineering controls should be adopted to reduce exposure where practicable (for example, if using indoors, ensure explosion proof extraction ventilation is available). Flammable or combustible liquids with explosive limits have the potential for ignition from static discharge. Refer to AS 1020 (The control of undesirable static electricity) and AS 1940 (The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids) for control procedures.

Exposure standards - Time Weighted Average (TWA) or Workplace Exposure Standard (WES) (NZ): Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between

shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

Personal protective equipment guidelines: The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

Health effects from exposure: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Safety Data Sheet which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

- ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
- · AISE The international Association for Soaps, Detergents and Maintenance Products
- DNEL Derived No Effect Limit
- LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
- LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal dose
- · EUH CLP Specific hazard statement
- PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
- STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) STOT-SE - Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
- PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
  REACH number REACH registration number, without supplier specific part
- EC No. European Community Number
- vPvB very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

#### End of Safety Data Sheet