



# Safety Data Sheet

## EASYFOAM

Revision: 2022-02-18

Version: 02.0

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and supplier

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name: EASYFOAM

#### 1.2 Recommended use and restrictions on use

##### Identified uses:

Chlorinated foaming detergent

##### Restrictions of use:

Uses other than those identified are not recommended

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier

Diversey Australia Pty. Limited  
29 Chifley St, Smithfield, NSW, 2164  
1-7 Bell Grove, Braeside, VIC 3195  
Telephone: 1800 647 779 (toll free)  
Email: aucustserv@diversey.com  
Website: diversey.com.au

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Seek medical advice (show the label or safety data sheet where possible)  
Call 1800 033 111 (24hrs)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin corrosion, Category 1A  
Serious eye damage, Category 1  
Corrosive to metals, Category 1

#### 2.2 Label elements



Signal word: Danger

##### Hazard statements:

H290 - May be corrosive to metals.  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
AUH031 - Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

##### Prevention statement(s):

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.  
P234 - Keep only in original packaging.  
P260 - Do not breathe vapours.  
P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

##### Response statement(s):

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.  
P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.  
P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
 P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

**Storage statement(s):**

P405 - Store locked up.  
 P406 - Store in corrosive-resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

**Disposal statement(s):**

P501 - Dispose of unused content as chemical waste.

**2.3 Other hazards**

No other hazards known.

**2.4 Classification diluted product:**

Recommended maximum concentration (% w/w): 10

Skin irritation, Category 2  
 Serious eye irritation, Category 2  
 Corrosive to metals, Category 1

**2.5 Label elements diluted product**

Warning.

H315 + H319 - Causes skin and serious eye irritation.  
 H290 - May be corrosive to metals.

P234 - Keep only in original packaging.  
 P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.  
 P280 - Wear protective gloves.  
 P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.  
 P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
 P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.  
 P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).  
 P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.  
 P406 - Store in corrosive-resistant container with a resistant inner liner.  
 P501 - Dispose of unused content as chemical waste.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****3.1 Substances / Mixtures**

Ingredient(s)	CAS number	EC number	Weight percent
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	215-185-5	3-10
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	7681-52-9	231-668-3	1-3

Non-hazardous ingredients are the remainder and add up to 100%.

[4] Polymer.

Workplace exposure limit(s), if available, are listed in subsection 8.1.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures****General Information:**

If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. No mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use Ambu bag or ventilator.

**Inhalation:**

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention or advice if you feel unwell.

**Skin contact:**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.

**Eye contact:**

Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Remove

**EASYFOAM**

**Ingestion:** contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.  
Rinse mouth. Immediately drink 1 glass of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.

**Self-protection of first aider:** Consider personal protective equipment as indicated in subsection 8.2.

**First aid facilities:** Shower and eyewash facilities should be considered in a workplace where necessary. Eyewash facilities should be considered in a workplace where necessary.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

**Inhalation:** May cause bronchospasm in chlorine sensitive individuals.

**Skin contact:** Causes severe burns.

**Eye contact:** Causes severe or permanent damage.

**Ingestion:** Ingestion will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of oesophagus and stomach.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

No information available on clinical testing and medical monitoring. Specific toxicological information on substances, if available, can be found in section 11.

**Poison Information Center:** Call 13 11 26 (Australia Wide).

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray jet. Fight larger fires with water spray jet or alcohol-resistant foam.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

No special hazards known.

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing including gloves and eye/face protection.

**5.4 Hazchem code**

2R

2 - Fine water spray.

R - Liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Dilute.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe dust or vapour. Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear eye/face protection. Wear suitable gloves.

**6.2 Environmental precautions**

Dilute with plenty of water. Do not allow to enter drainage system, surface or ground water.

**6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Ensure adequate ventilation. Dyke to collect large liquid spills. Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, universal binders, sawdust). Do not place spilled materials back into the original container. Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

**6.4 Reference to other sections**

For personal protective equipment see subsection 8.2. For disposal considerations see section 13.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage****7.1 Precautions for safe handling****Measures to prevent fire and explosions:**

No special precautions required.

**Measures required to protect the environment:**

For environmental exposure controls see subsection 8.2.

**Advices on general occupational hygiene:**

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not mix with other products unless advised by Diversy. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapours. Do not breathe spray. Use only with adequate ventilation. See chapter 8.2, Exposure controls / Personal protection.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in accordance with local and national regulations. Store in a closed container. Keep only in original packaging. For conditions to avoid see subsection 10.4. For incompatible materials see subsection 10.5.

## EASYFOAM

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

No specific advice for end use available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**8.1 Control parameters****Workplace exposure limits**

Air limit values, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Long term value(s) (TWA)	Short term value(s) (STEL)	Peak value(s)
sodium hydroxide			2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

Biological limit values, if available:

**8.2 Exposure controls**

The following information applies for the uses indicated in subsection 1.2 of the Safety Data Sheet.

If available, please refer to the product information sheet for application and handling instructions.

Normal use conditions are assumed for this section.

Recommended safety measures for handling the undiluted product:

Covering activities such as filling and transfer of product to application equipment, flasks or buckets

<b>Appropriate engineering controls:</b>	If the product is diluted by using specific dosing systems with no risk of splashes or direct skin contact, the personal protection equipment as described in this section is not required. Where possible: use in automated/closed system and cover open containers. Transport over pipes. Filling with automatic systems. Use tools for manual handling of product.
<b>Appropriate organisational controls:</b>	Avoid direct contact and/or splashes where possible. Train personnel.
<b>Personal protective equipment</b>	
<b>Eye / face protection:</b>	Safety glasses or goggles (AS/NZS 1337.1). The use of a full-face shield or other full-face protection is strongly recommended when handling open containers or if splashes may occur. Chemical-resistant protective gloves (AS/NZS 2161.10). Verify instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time, as provided by the gloves supplier. Consider specific local use conditions, such as risk of splashes, cuts, contact time and temperature.
<b>Hand protection:</b>	Suggested gloves for prolonged contact: Material: butyl rubber Penetration time: ≥ 480 min Material thickness: ≥ 0.7 mm Suggested gloves for protection against splashes: Material: nitrile rubber Penetration time: ≥ 30 min Material thickness: ≥ 0.4 mm In consultation with the supplier of protective gloves a different type providing similar protection may be chosen.
<b>Body protection:</b>	Wear chemical-resistant clothing and boots in case direct dermal exposure and/or splashes may occur (EN 14605).
<b>Respiratory protection:</b>	If exposure to liquid particles or splashes cannot be avoided use: half mask (EN 140) with particle filter P2 (EN 143) or full-face mask (EN 136) with particle filter P1 (EN 143) Consider specific local use conditions. In consultation with the supplier of respiratory protection equipment a different type providing similar protection may be chosen. Specific applications tools may be available to limit exposure. Please refer to the product information sheet for the possibilities. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits, if available
<b>Environmental exposure controls:</b>	Should not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Recommended safety measures for handling the diluted product:

**Recommended maximum concentration (% w/w):** 10

<b>Appropriate engineering controls:</b>	Use only in well ventilated areas.
<b>Appropriate organisational controls:</b>	Avoid direct contact and/or splashes where possible. Train personnel.
<b>Personal protective equipment</b>	
<b>Eye / face protection:</b>	Safety glasses are not normally required. However, their use is recommended in those cases where splashes may occur when handling the product (EN 166).
<b>Hand protection:</b>	Chemical-resistant protective gloves (AS/NZS 2161.10). Verify instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time, as provided by the gloves supplier. Consider specific local use conditions, such as risk of splashes, cuts, contact time and temperature. Suggested gloves for prolonged contact: Material: butyl rubber Penetration time: ≥ 480 min Material thickness: ≥ 0.7 mm Suggested gloves for protection against splashes: Material: nitrile rubber Penetration time: ≥ 30 min Material thickness: ≥ 0.4 mm In consultation with the supplier of protective gloves a different type providing similar protection may be chosen.

## EASYFOAM

<b>Body protection:</b>	No special requirements under normal use conditions
<b>Respiratory protection:</b>	Respiratory protection is not normally required. However, inhalation of vapour, spray, gas or aerosols should be avoided. Trigger spray bottle application: No special requirements under normal use conditions. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits, if available
<b>Environmental exposure controls:</b>	No special requirements under normal use conditions.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

	Method / remark
<b>Physical state:</b> Liquid	
<b>Colour:</b> Clear , Yellow	
<b>Odour:</b> Chlorine	
<b>Odour threshold:</b> Not applicable	
<b>pH:</b> $\approx 13$ (neat)	ISO 4316
<b>Dilution pH:</b> $\approx 12.60$ (1%)	
<b>Melting point/freezing point (°C):</b> Not determined	Not relevant to classification of this product
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C):</b> Not determined	
<b>Flammability (liquid):</b> Not flammable.	
<b>Flash point (°C):</b> Not applicable.	
<b>Sustained combustion:</b> Not applicable.	
<i>( UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, section 32, L.2 )</i>	
<b>Evaporation rate:</b> Not determined	Not relevant to classification of this product
<b>Flammability (solid, gas):</b> Not applicable to liquids	
<b>Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit (%):</b> Not determined	
<b>Vapour pressure:</b> Not determined	
<b>Relative vapour density</b> No data available	Not relevant to classification of this product
<b>Relative density:</b> $\approx 1.14$ (20 °C)	OECD 109 (EU A.3)
<b>Solubility in / Miscibility with Water:</b> Fully miscible	
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</b> No information available.	

Substance data, partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow): see subsection 12.3

**Autoignition temperature:** Not determined  
**Decomposition temperature:** Not applicable.  
**Viscosity:** Not determined  
**Explosive properties:** Not explosive.  
**Oxidising properties:** Not oxidising.

### 9.2 Other information

**Surface tension (N/m):** Not determined  
**Corrosion to metals:** Corrosive

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No reactivity hazards known under normal storage and use conditions.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage and use conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions known under normal storage and use conditions.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

None known under normal storage and use conditions.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

May be corrosive to metals. Reacts with acids. Reacts with acids releasing toxic chlorine gas.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Chlorine.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Mixture data:.

## Relevant calculated ATE(s):

ATE - Oral (mg/kg): &gt;2000

Substance data, where relevant and available, are listed below:.

## Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
sodium hydroxide		No data available			
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	LD <sub>50</sub>	1100	Rat	OECD 401 (EU B.1)	90

Acute dermal toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
sodium hydroxide	LD <sub>50</sub>	1350	Rabbit	Method not given	
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	LD <sub>50</sub>	> 20000	Rabbit	OECD 402 (EU B.3)	

Acute inhalative toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
sodium hydroxide		No data available			
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	LC <sub>50</sub>	> 10.5 (vapour)	Rat	OECD 403 (EU B.2)	1

## Irritation and corrosivity

Skin irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
sodium hydroxide	Corrosive	Rabbit	Method not given	
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Corrosive	Rabbit	OECD 404 (EU B.4)	

Eye irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
sodium hydroxide	Corrosive	Rabbit	Method not given	
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Severe damage	Rabbit	OECD 405 (EU B.5)	

Respiratory tract irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
sodium hydroxide	No data available			
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Irritating to respiratory tract			

## Sensitisation

Sensitisation by skin contact

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
sodium hydroxide	Not sensitising		Human repeated patch test	
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Not sensitising	Guinea pig	OECD 406 (EU B.6) / Buehler test	

Sensitisation by inhalation

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
sodium hydroxide	No data available			
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Not sensitising			

## CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Mutagenicity

Ingredient(s)	Result (in-vitro)	Method (in-vitro)	Result (in-vivo)	Method (in-vivo)
---------------	-------------------	-------------------	------------------	------------------

## EASYFOAM

sodium hydroxide	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results	DNA repair test on rat hepatocytes OECD 473	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results	OECD 474 (EU B.12) OECD 475 (EU B.11)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	No evidence for mutagenicity	OECD 471 (EU B.12/13)	No evidence for mutagenicity, negative test results	OECD 474 (EU B.12)

## Carcinogenicity

Ingredient(s)	Effect
sodium hydroxide	No evidence for carcinogenicity, weight-of-evidence
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	No evidence for carcinogenicity, negative test results

## Toxicity for reproduction

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Specific effect	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Remarks and other effects reported
sodium hydroxide			No data available				No evidence for developmental toxicity No evidence for reproductive toxicity
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	NOAEL	Developmental toxicity Impaired fertility	5 (CI)	Rat	OECD 414 (EU B.31), oral OECD 415 (EU B.34), oral		No evidence for reproductive toxicity

## Repeated dose toxicity

## Sub-acute or sub-chronic oral toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Specific effects and organs affected
sodium hydroxide		No data available				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	NOAEL	50	Rat	OECD 408 (EU B.26)	90	

## Sub-chronic dermal toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Specific effects and organs affected
sodium hydroxide		No data available				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data available				

## Sub-chronic inhalation toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Specific effects and organs affected
sodium hydroxide		No data available				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data available				

## Chronic toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Specific effects and organs affected	Remark
sodium hydroxide			No data available					
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)			No data available					

## STOT-single exposure

Ingredient(s)	Affected organ(s)
sodium hydroxide	No data available
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Not applicable

## STOT-repeated exposure

Ingredient(s)	Affected organ(s)
sodium hydroxide	No data available
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	Not applicable

## Aspiration hazard

Substances with an aspiration hazard (H304), if any, are listed in section 3.

## Potential adverse health effects and symptoms

Effects and symptoms related to the product, if any, are listed in subsection 4.2.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

No data is available on the mixture.

Substance data, where relevant and available, are listed below:

#### Aquatic short-term toxicity

Aquatic short-term toxicity - fish

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
sodium hydroxide	LC <sub>50</sub>	35	<i>Various species</i>	Method not given	96
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	LC <sub>50</sub>	0.06	<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	Method not given	96

Aquatic short-term toxicity - crustacea

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
sodium hydroxide	EC <sub>50</sub>	40.4	<i>Ceriodaphnia sp.</i>	Method not given	48
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	EC <sub>50</sub>	0.035	<i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	OECD 202 (EU C.2)	48

Aquatic short-term toxicity - algae

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
sodium hydroxide	EC <sub>50</sub>	22	<i>Photobacterium phosphoreum</i>	Method not given	0.25
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	NOEC	0.0021	<i>Not specified</i>	Method not given	168

Aquatic short-term toxicity - marine species

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)
sodium hydroxide		No data available			
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	EC <sub>50</sub>	0.026	<i>Crassostrea virginica</i>	Method not given	2

Impact on sewage plants - toxicity to bacteria

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Inoculum	Method	Exposure time
sodium hydroxide		No data available			
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		0.375	<i>Activated sludge</i>	Method not given	

#### Aquatic long-term toxicity

Aquatic long-term toxicity - fish

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Effects observed
sodium hydroxide		No data available				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	NOEC	0.04	<i>Menidia pelinsulae</i>	Method not given	96 hour(s)	

Aquatic long-term toxicity - crustacea

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Effects observed
sodium hydroxide		No data available				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	NOEC	0.007	<i>Crassostrea virginica</i>	Method not given	15 day(s)	

Aquatic toxicity to other aquatic benthic organisms, including sediment-dwelling organisms, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw sediment)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
sodium hydroxide		No data available				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data available				



**Terrestrial toxicity**

Terrestrial toxicity - soil invertebrates, including earthworms, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
sodium hydroxide		No data available				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data available				

Terrestrial toxicity - plants, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
sodium hydroxide		No data available				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data available				

Terrestrial toxicity - birds, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
sodium hydroxide		No data available				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data available				

Terrestrial toxicity - beneficial insects, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
sodium hydroxide		No data available				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data available				

Terrestrial toxicity - soil bacteria, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg dw soil)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Effects observed
sodium hydroxide		No data available				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data available				

**12.2 Persistence and degradability****Abiotic degradation**

Abiotic degradation - photodegradation in air, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Half-life time	Method	Evaluation	Remark
sodium hydroxide	13 second(s)	Method not given	Rapidly photodegradable	
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	115 day(s)	Indirect photo-oxidation		

Abiotic degradation - hydrolysis, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Half-life time in fresh water	Method	Evaluation	Remark
sodium hydroxide	No data available			
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	No data available			

Abiotic degradation - other processes, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Type	Half-life time	Method	Evaluation	Remark
sodium hydroxide		No data available			
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)		No data available			

**Biodegradation**

Ready biodegradability - aerobic conditions

Ingredient(s)	Inoculum	Analytical method	DT <sub>50</sub>	Method	Evaluation
sodium hydroxide					Not applicable (inorganic substance)
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)					Not applicable (inorganic substance)

Ready biodegradability - anaerobic and marine conditions, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Medium & Type	Analytical method	DT <sub>50</sub>	Method	Evaluation
sodium hydroxide					No data available
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)					No data available

Degradation in relevant environmental compartments, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Medium & Type	Analytical method	DT <sub>50</sub>	Method	Evaluation
sodium hydroxide					No data available
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)					No data available

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log K<sub>ow</sub>)

Ingredient(s)	Value	Method	Evaluation	Remark
sodium hydroxide	No data available		Not relevant, does not bioaccumulate	
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	-3.42	Method not given	No bioaccumulation expected	

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

Ingredient(s)	Value	Species	Method	Evaluation	Remark
sodium hydroxide	No data available				
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	No data available				

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Adsorption/Desorption to soil or sediment

Ingredient(s)	Adsorption coefficient Log K <sub>oc</sub>	Desorption coefficient Log K <sub>oc</sub> (des)	Method	Soil/sediment type	Evaluation
sodium hydroxide	No data available				Mobile in soil
sodium hypochlorite (active chlorine)	1.12				High potential for mobility in soil

### 12.5 Other adverse effects

No other adverse effects known.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues / unused products:

The concentrated contents or contaminated packaging should be disposed of by a certified handler or according to the site permit. Release of waste to sewers is discouraged. The cleaned packaging material is suitable for energy recovery or recycling in line with local legislation.

## SECTION 14: Transport information



### ADG, IMO/MDG, ICAO/IATA

14.1 UN number: 1719

14.2 UN proper shipping name:

Caustic alkali liquid, n.o.s. ( sodium hydroxide )

14.3 Transport hazard class(es):

Transport hazard class (and subsidiary risks): 8

14.4 Packing group: II

14.5 Environmental hazards:

Environmentally hazardous: Yes

Marine pollutant: Yes

14.6 Special precautions for user: None known.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code: The product is not transported in bulk tankers.

## EASYFOAM

**Other relevant information:****Hazchem code:** 2R**IMO/IMDG****EmS:** F-A, S-B

The product has been classified, labelled and packaged in accordance with the requirements of ADG7.7 Code and the provisions of the IMDG Code.

Transport regulations include special provisions for certain classes of dangerous goods packed in limited quantities.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

<b>National regulations</b>	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) as published by Safework Australia.
<b>Poison schedule</b>	Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Poison using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).
<b>Classification</b>	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) as published by Safework Australia.
<b>Inventory listing(s)</b>	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals: All components are listed on the inventory, or are exempt.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

*The information in this document is based on our best present knowledge. However, it does not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and does not establish a legally binding contract*

**SDS code:** MS31001121**Version:** 02.0**Revision:** 2022-02-18

• AUH031 - Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

**Additional information:**

**Respirators:** In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

**Work practices - solvents:** Organic solvents may present both a health and flammability hazard. It is recommended that engineering controls should be adopted to reduce exposure where practicable (for example, if using indoors, ensure explosion proof extraction ventilation is available). Flammable or combustible liquids with explosive limits have the potential for ignition from static discharge. Refer to AS 1020 (The control of undesirable static electricity) and AS 1940 (The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids) for control procedures.

**Exposure standards - Time Weighted Average (TWA) or Workplace Exposure Standard (WES) (NZ):** Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

**Personal protective equipment guidelines:** The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

**Health effects from exposure:** It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Safety Data Sheet which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

**Abbreviations and acronyms:**

- ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
- AUH - Non GHS hazard statement
- DNEL - Derived No Effect Limit
- EC No. - European Community Number
- EC50 - effective concentration, 50%

**EASYFOAM**

- LC50 - Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
- LD50 - Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal dose
- NOAEL - No observed adverse effect level
- NOEL - No observed effect level
- OECD - Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
- PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration
- STOT-RE - Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
- STOT-SE - Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

**End of Safety Data Sheet**