

Safety Data Sheet

CLAX RUST 61A1

Revision: 2021-05-11 Version: 01.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and supplier

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: CLAX RUST 61A1

1.2 Recommended use and restrictions on use

Identified uses: Laundry additive Alkalinity neutraliser Restrictions of use:

Uses other than those identified are not recommended

1.3 Details of the supplier

Diversey Australia Pty. Limited 29 Chifley St, Smithfield, NSW, 2164, Australia Telephone: 1800 647 779 (toll free)

Fax: (02) 9725 5767 Email: aucustserv@diversey.com Website: www.diversey.com/

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Seek medical advice (show the label or safety data sheet where possible) Call 1800 033 111 (24hrs)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin corrosion, Category 1C Serious eye damage, Category 1 Acute toxicity, oral, Category 4

2.2 Label elements



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Prevention statement(s):

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P264 - Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

Response statement(s):
P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician if you feel unwell.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label).

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage statement(s):

P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal statement(s):

P501 - Dispose of unused content as chemical waste.

2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

2.4 Classification diluted product:

Not classified as hazardous

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient(s)	CAS number	EC number	Weight percent
citric acid	77-92-9	201-069-1	10-30
ammonium bifluoride	1341-49-7	215-676-4	3-10

Non-hazardous ingredients are the remainder and add up to 100%.

Workplace exposure limit(s), if available, are listed in subsection 8.1.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General Information: Symptoms of intoxication may even occur after several hours. It is recommended to continue

medical observation for at least 48 hours after the incident. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Provide fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. No mouth-to-mouth or mouth-to-nose resuscitation. Use Ambu bag or ventilator. Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention or advice if

you feel unwell.

Skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Immediately call a

POISON CENTRE, doctor or physician.

Eye contact: Hold eyelids apart and flush eyes with plenty of lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE,

doctor or physician.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Immediately drink 1 glass of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE, doctor or

physician. Get medical attention or advice if you feel unwell.

Self-protection of first aider: Consider personal protective equipment as indicated in subsection 8.2.

First aid facilities: Shower and eyewash facilities should be considered in a workplace where necessary. Eyewash

facilities should be considered in a workplace where necessary.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation: No known effects or symptoms in normal use.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns.

Eye contact: Causes severe or permanent damage.

Ingestion: Ingestion will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of

oesophagus and stomach.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No information available on clinical testing and medical monitoring. Specific toxicological information on substances, if available, can be found

in section 11.

Inhalation:

Poison Information Center: Call 13 11 26 (Australia Wide).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray jet. Fight larger fires with water spray jet or alcohol-resistant foam.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No special hazards known.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing including gloves and eye/face protection.

5.4 Hazchem code

2X

- 2 Fine water spray.
- X Liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Contain.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear suitable gloves. Wear eye/face protection.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Dilute with plenty of water. Do not allow to enter drainage system, surface or ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dyke to collect large liquid spills. Use neutralising agent. Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, universal binders, sawdust). Do not place spilled materials back into the original container. Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see subsection 8.2. For disposal considerations see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Measures to prevent fire and explosions:

No special precautions required.

Measures required to protect the environment:

For environmental exposure controls see subsection 8.2.

Advices on general occupational hygiene:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not mix with other products unless adviced by Diversey. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only with adequate ventilation. See chapter 8.2, Exposure controls / Personal protection.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local and national regulations. Store in a closed container. Keep only in original packaging.

For conditions to avoid see subsection 10.4. For incompatible materials see subsection 10.5.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No specific advice for end use available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limits

Air limit values, if available:

Ingredient(s)	Long term value(s) (TWA)	Short term value(s) (STEL)	Peak value(s)
ammonium bifluoride	2.5 mg/m ³		

Biological limit values, if available:

8.2 Exposure controls

The following information applies for the uses indicated in subsection 1.2 of the Safety Data Sheet. If available, please refer to the product information sheet for application and handling instructions. Normal use conditions are assumed for this section.

Recommended safety measures for handling the <u>undiluted</u> product:

Covering activities such as filling and transfer of product to application equipment, flasks or buckets

Appropriate engineering controls: If the product is diluted by using specific dosing systems with no risk of splashes or direct skin

contact, the personal protection equipment as described in this section is not required.

Appropriate organisational controls: Avoid direct contact and/or splashes where possible. Train personnel.

Personal protective equipment

Eye / face protection: Safety glasses or goggles (EN 166). The use of a full-face shield or other full-face protection is

strongly recommended when handling open containers or if splashes may occur. **Hand protection:**Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374). Verify instructions regarding perm

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374). Verify instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time, as provided by the gloves supplier. Consider specific local use conditions, such

as risk of splashes, cuts, contact time and temperature.

Suggested gloves for prolonged contact: Material: butyl rubber Penetration time: ≥ 480 min Material

thickness: ≥ 0.7 mm

Suggested gloves for protection against splashes: Material: nitrile rubber Penetration time: ≥ 30 min

Material thickness: ≥ 0.4 mm

In consultation with the supplier of protective gloves a different type providing similar protection may

Method / remark

Not relevant to classification of this product

OECD 109 (EU A.3)

DM-006 Viscosity - Additional

be chosen.

Body protection: Wear chemical-resistant clothing and boots in case direct dermal exposure and/or splashes may

occur (EN 14605).

Respiratory protection: No special requirements under normal use conditions.

Environmental exposure controls: Should not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

3.1 information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Liquid
Colour: Clear , Colourless
Odour: Product specific
Odour threshold: Not applicable

pH: < 2 (neat) ISO 4316

Melting point/freezing point (°C): 0 Not relevant to classification of this product

Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C): Not determined

Flammability (liquid): Not flammable.
Flash point (°C): Not applicable.
Sustained combustion: Not applicable.
(UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, section 32, L.2)

Evaporation rate: Not determined Not relevant to classification of this product

Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable to liquids

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit (%): Not determined

Vapour pressure: Not determined

Relative vapour density No data available

Relative density: ≈ 1.12 (20 °C) Solubility in / Miscibility with Water: Fully miscible

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No information available.

Substance data, partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow): see subsection 12.3

Autoignition temperature: Not determined **Decomposition temperature:** Not applicable.

Viscosity: Not determined

Explosive properties: Not explosive. **Oxidising properties:** Not oxidising.

9.2 Other information

Surface tension (N/m): Not determined Corrosion to metals: Not corrosive

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No reactivity hazards known under normal storage and use conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage and use conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions known under normal storage and use conditions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

None known under normal storage and use conditions.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Page 4/10

Reacts with alkali. Keep away from products containing chlorine-based bleaching agents or sulphites.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

None known under normal storage and use conditions.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Mixture data:.

Relevant calculated ATE(s):

ATE - Oral (mg/kg): 1500

Skin irritation and corrosivity

Result: Skin corrosive 1C Method: Weight of Evidence

Substance data, where relevant and available, are listed below:.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
citric acid	LD 50	3000	Rat	Method not given	
ammonium bifluoride	LD 50	130	Rat	OECD 401 (EU B.1)	

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
citric acid	LD 50	> 2000	Rat	Method not given	
ammonium bifluoride		No data available			

Acute inhalative toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
citric acid		No data			
		available			
ammonium bifluoride		No data			
		available			

Irritation and corrosivity Skin irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
citric acid	Not irritant	Rabbit	OECD 404 (EU B.4)	
ammonium bifluoride	No data available			

Eye irritation and corrosivity

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
citric acid	Irritant	Rabbit	OECD 405 (EU B.5)	
ammonium bifluoride	Severe damage			

Respiratory tract irritation and corrosivity

	Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time
	citric acid	No data available			
ĺ	ammonium bifluoride	No data available			

Sensitisation

Sensitisation by skin contact

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
citric acid	Not sensitising	Guinea pig	Method not given	
ammonium bifluoride	No data available			

Sensitisation by inhalation

Ingredient(s)	Result	Species	Method	Exposure time

citric acid	No data available		
ammonium bifluoride	No data available		

CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction) $_{\hbox{\scriptsize Mutagenicity}}$

Ingredient(s)	Result (in-vitro)	Method (in-vitro)	Result (in-vivo)	Method (in-vivo)
citric acid	No data available		No evidence of genotoxicity, negative test results	Method not given
ammonium bifluoride	No data available		No data available	

Carcinogenicity

Sarcinogenicity	
Ingredient(s)	Effect
citric acid	No evidence for carcinogenicity, negative test results
ammonium bifluoride	No data available

Toxicity for reproduction

TOXICITY TOT TEPTOGUCTION							
Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Specific effect	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Remarks and other effects reported
citric acid			No data				No evidence for reproductive
			available				toxicity
ammonium bifluoride			No data				
			available				

Repeated dose toxicity
Sub-acute or sub-chronic oral toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Specific effects and organs affected
citric acid		No data				
		available				
ammonium bifluoride		No data				
		available				

Sub-chronic dermal toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)	Specific effects and organs affected
citric acid		No data available				
ammonium bifluoride		No data available				

Sub-chronic inhalation toxicity

Sub-critofile illialation toxicity						
Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Species	Method	Exposure	Specific effects and organs
		(mg/kg bw/d)			time (days)	affected
citric acid		No data				
		available				
ammonium bifluoride		No data				
		available				

Chronic toxicity

Ingredient(s)	Exposure route	Endpoint	Value (mg/kg bw/d)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Specific effects and organs affected	Remark
citric acid			No data					
			available					
ammonium bifluoride	Oral	NOEL	300 ppm					Other reported data:

STOT-single exposure

Ingredient(s)	Affected organ(s)
citric acid	No data available
ammonium bifluoride	No data available

STOT-repeated exposure	
Ingredient(s)	Affected organ(s)
citric acid	No data available
ammonium bifluoride	No data available

Aspiration hazard Substances with an aspiration hazard (H304), if any, are listed in section 3.

Potential adverse health effects and symptoms

Effects and symptoms related to the product, if any, are listed in subsection 4.2.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

No data is available on the mixture.

Substance data, where relevant and available, are listed below:

Aquatic short-term toxicity Aquatic short-term toxicity - fish

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
citric acid	LC 50	440	Leuciscus idus	Method not given	48
ammonium bifluoride	LC 50	422	Fish	Method not given	

Aquatic short-term toxicity - crustacea

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
citric acid	EC 50	1535	Daphnia magna Straus	Method not given	24
ammonium bifluoride	EC 50	10.5	Daphnia magna Straus	Method not given	48

Aquatic short-term toxicity - algae

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (h)
citric acid	LC 50	425	Scenedesmus quadricauda	Method not given	168
ammonium bifluoride	EC 50	43	Not specified	Method not given	96

Aquatic short-term toxicity - marine species

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time (days)
citric acid		No data			
		available			
ammonium bifluoride		No data			
		available			

impact on sewage plants - toxicity to bacteria					
Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value	Inoculum	Method	Exposure
, , ,	•	(mg/l)			time
citric acid	EC 50	> 10000	Pseudomonas	Method not given	16 hour(s)
			putida	1	
ammonium bifluoride		No data			
		available		1	

Aquatic long-term toxicity Aquatic long-term toxicity - fish

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Effects observed
citric acid		No data available				
ammonium bifluoride	NOEC	4	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Method not given	21 day(s)	

Aquatic long-term toxicity - crustacea

Ingredient(s)	Endpoint	Value (mg/l)	Species	Method	Exposure time	Effects observed
citric acid		No data				
		available				
ammonium bifluoride	NOEC	8.9	Daphnia		21 day(s)	
			magna			

Aquatic toxicity to other aquatic benthic organisms, including sediment-dwelling organisms, if available:

Terrestrial toxicity

Terrestrial toxicity - soil invertebrates, including earthworms, if available:

Terrestrial toxicity - plants, if available:

Terrestrial toxicity - birds, if available:

Terrestrial toxicity - beneficial insects, if available:

Terrestrial toxicity - soil bacteria, if available:

12.2 Persistence and degradability Abiotic degradation

Abiotic degradation - photodegradation in air, if available:

Abiotic degradation - hydrolysis, if available:

Abiotic degradation - other processes, if available:

Biodegradation

Ready biodegradability - aerobic conditions

Ingredient(s)	Inoculum	Analytical method	DT 50	Method	Evaluation
citric acid			97 % in 28 day(s)	OECD 301B	Readily biodegradable
ammonium bifluoride					Not applicable (inorganic substance)

Ready biodegradability - anaerobic and marine conditions, if available:

Degradation in relevant environmental compartments, if available:

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)

Ingredient(s) Value		Method	Evaluation	Remark	
citric acid	-1.72		No bioaccumulation expected		
ammonium bifluoride	No data available				

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

	Ingredient(s)	Value	Species	Method	Evaluation	Remark
	citric acid	No data available				
a	mmonium bifluoride	-			Not relevant, does not bioaccumulate	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Adsorption/Desorption to soil or sediment

Ingredient(s)	Adsorption coefficient Log Koc	Desorption coefficient Log Koc(des)	Method	Soil/sediment type	Evaluation
citric acid	No data available				Potential for mobility in soil, soluble in water
ammonium bifluoride	No data available				

12.5 Other adverse effects

No other adverse effects known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues / unused products:

The concentrated contents or contaminated packaging should be disposed of by a certified handler or according to the site permit. Release of waste to sewers is discouraged. The cleaned packaging material is suitable for energy recovery or recycling in line with local legislation.

Empty packaging

Recommendation: Dispose of observing national or local regulations. **Suitable cleaning agents:** Water, if necessary with cleaning agent.

SECTION 14: Transport information



ADG, IMO/IMDG, ICAO/IATA 14.1 UN number: 2817

14.2 UN proper shipping name:

Ammonium hydrogendifluoride solution

14.3 Transport hazard class(es):

Transport hazard class (and subsidiary risks): 8(6.1)

14.4 Packing group: III
14.5 Environmental hazards:
Environmentally hazardous: No

Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions for user: None known.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code: The product is not transported in bulk tankers.

Other relevant information:

Hazchem code: 2X

IMO/IMDG

EmS: F-A, S-B

The product has been classified, labelled and packaged in accordance with the requirements of ADG7.7 Code and the provisions of the IMDG Code.

Transport regulations include special provisions for certain classes of dangerous goods packed in limited quantities.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) as published by

Safework Australia.

Poison schedule Classified as a schedule 7 (S7) Poison using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling

of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classification Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) as published by

Safework Australia.

Inventory listing(s)

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals: All components are listed on the inventory, or are

exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this document is based on our best present knowledge. However, it does not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and does not establish a legally binding contract

SDS code: MS31001069 **Version:** 01.0 **Revision:** 2021-05-11

Additional information:

Acids: When mixing acids with water (diluting), caution must be taken as heat will be generated which causes violent spattering. Always add a small volume of acid to a large volume of water, NEVER the reverse.

Respirators: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

Work practices - solvents: Organic solvents may present both a health and flammability hazard. It is recommended that engineering controls should be adopted to reduce exposure where practicable (for example, if using indoors, ensure explosion proof extraction ventilation is available). Flammable or combustible liquids with explosive limits have the potential for ignition from static discharge. Refer to AS 1020 (The

control of undesirable static electricity) and AS 1940 (The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids) for control procedures.

Exposure standards - Time Weighted Average (TWA) or Workplace Exposure Standard (WES) (NZ): Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

Personal protective equipment guidelines: The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

Health effects from exposure: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Safety Data Sheet which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

- ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate
 AUH Non GHS hazard statement
- DNEL Derived No Effect Limit
- EC No. European Community Number
- EC50 effective concentration, 50%
 LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
- LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal dose
- NOAEL No observed adverse effect level
- NOEL No observed effect level
- OECD Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
- PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
- STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
 STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

End of Safety Data Sheet